

1. Identification
Product identifier PVC PIPE PRIMER

Other means of identification
SDS number 8

Recommended use Industrial use.

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer / Importer / Supplier / Distributor information
Company name Contech Engineered Solutions, LLC

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2. Hazard(s) identification
Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 2

Health hazards Acute toxicity, inhalation Category 4

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A

Carcinogenicity Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements

Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if inhaled. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statement
Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing vapors. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Response

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell.

Storage

Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) Not classified.

3. Composition/information on ingredients
Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Acetone	67-64-1	20 - 40

Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	20 - 40
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	15 - 35
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	10 - 30

Composition comments All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention if discomfort develops or persists.

Skin contact Immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists. Wash clothing separately before reuse.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Ingestion Call a physician or poison control center immediately. DO NOT induce vomiting. If victim is fully conscious, give a cupful of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If vomiting occurs, keep head lower than the hips to help prevent aspiration.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed In high concentrations, vapors are narcotic and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes. Ingestion may cause irritation and malaise. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information Thermal burns: Flush with plenty of water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in the workplace.

Fire-fighting equipment/instructions Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Environmental precautions Never return spills in original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see Section 13 of the SDS. Avoid release to the environment.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapors and contact with skin and eyes. The product is highly flammable, and explosive vapor/air mixtures may be formed even at normal room temperatures. Ground container and transfer equipment to eliminate static electric sparks. Use non-sparking hand tools and explosion-proof electrical equipment. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Store in tightly closed original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (See Section 10). Periodically test for peroxide formation on long-term storage.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	2400 mg/m3 1000 ppm
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	PEL	200 mg/m3 50 ppm
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	PEL	590 mg/m3 200 ppm
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)	PEL	590 mg/m3 200 ppm

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm
	TWA	500 ppm
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	STEL	50 ppm
	TWA	20 ppm
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	300 ppm
	TWA	200 ppm
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	100 ppm
	TWA	50 ppm

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Recommended exposure limit (REL)

Components	Type	Value
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA	590 mg/m3 250 ppm
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	TWA	100 mg/m3 25 ppm
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	TWA	590 mg/m3 200 ppm
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)	TWA	590 mg/m3 200 ppm

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL)

Components	Type	Value
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	885 mg/m3 300 ppm
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	735 mg/m3 250 ppm

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	50 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	80 mg/l	1,2-Cyclohexanone diol, with hydrolysis	Urine	*
	8 mg/l	Cyclohexanol, with hydrolysis	Urine	*
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	2 mg/l	MEK	Urine	*
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)	2 mg/l	Tetrahydrofuran	Urine	*

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	Skin designation applies.
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US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
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US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)	Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
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Appropriate engineering controls Use explosion-proof equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Provide easy access to water supply or an emergency shower.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Be aware that the liquid may penetrate the gloves. Frequent change is advisable. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.

Other Wear protective clothing appropriate for the risk of exposure. Anti-static and flame-retardant protective clothing is recommended.

Respiratory protection Wear NIOSH approved respirator. In case of inadequate ventilation or risk of inhalation of vapors, use suitable respiratory equipment with combination filter (gas filter/dust filter).

Thermal hazards When material is heated, wear gloves to protect against thermal burns.

General hygiene considerations Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Liquid.
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Liquid.
Color	White.
Odor	Solvent.
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	151 °F (66.11 °C)
Flash point	60.0 °F (15.6 °C)
Evaporation rate	8 (Butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower (%)	2 %
Flammability limit - upper (%)	11.8 %
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	143 mm Hg (20°C)
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	0.91
Solubility(ies)	Completely soluble in water.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Stable at normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Contact with air and light may form explosive peroxides.
Conditions to avoid	Heat, sparks, flames, elevated temperatures. Protect against direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents. Alkalis. Amines. Ammonia. Acids. Chlorine. Chlorinated inorganics (potassium, calcium and sodium hypochlorite). Hydrogen peroxide (H2O2).
Hazardous decomposition products	Carbon oxides. Hydrogen chloride.

11. Toxicological information**Information on likely routes of exposure**

Ingestion	Ingestion may cause irritation and malaise.
Inhalation	Harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	In high concentrations, vapors and spray mists are narcotic and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes. Ingestion may cause irritation and malaise. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	Harmful if inhaled.	
Components	Species	Test Results
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Rabbit	20 ml/kg
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Rat	50 mg/l, 8 Hours
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Rat	5800 mg/kg
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Rabbit	948 mg/kg
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Rat	8000 ppm, 4 hours

Components	Species	Test Results
<i>Oral</i> LD50	Rat	1540 mg/kg
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)		
Acute <i>Dermal</i> LD50	Rabbit	> 8000 mg/kg
<i>Inhalation</i> LC50	Rat	11700 mg/l, 4 Hours
<i>Oral</i> LD50	Rat	2300 - 3500 mg/kg
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)		
Acute <i>Dermal</i> LD50	Rabbit	2100 mg/kg
<i>Inhalation</i> LC50	Rat	80975 mg/l, 1 Hours 62000 mg/l, 2 Hours 21000 mg/l, 3 Hours 18000 - 22000 mg/l, 4 Hours
<i>Oral</i> LD50	Rat	1650 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	May cause skin irritation.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Respiratory sensitization	No data available.	
Skin sensitization	Not a skin sensitizer.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available.	
Carcinogenicity	Suspected of causing cancer.	
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity		
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
Reproductive toxicity	No data available.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	No data available.	
Aspiration hazard	No data available.	
Chronic effects	May cause central nervous system disorder (e.g., narcosis involving a loss of coordination, weakness, fatigue) and/or damage. May cause damage to the liver and kidneys. Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis.	
Further information	May be absorbed through the skin.	

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity	The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.
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Components	Species	Test Results
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		
Aquatic Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (<i>Pimephales promelas</i>) > 100 mg/l, 96 hours Rainbow trout, donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) 4740 - 6330 mg/l, 96 hours
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)		
Aquatic Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (<i>Pimephales promelas</i>) 481 - 578 mg/l, 96 hours

Components	Species		Test Results
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	4025 - 6440 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Sheepshead minnow (Cyprinodon variegatus)	> 400 mg/l, 96 hours
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	2160 mg/l, 96 Hours
Persistence and degradability	No data available.		
Bioaccumulative potential			
Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)			
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)			-0.24
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)			0.29
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)			0.46
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)			0.81
Mobility in soil	The product is completely soluble in water.		
Other adverse effects	None known.		
13. Disposal considerations			
Disposal instructions	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.		
Hazardous waste code	D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 °F		
The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.			
US RCRA Hazardous Waste U List: Reference			
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)			U002
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)			U057
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)			U159
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)			U213
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.		
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.		
14. Transport information			
DOT			
UN number	UN1993		
UN proper shipping name	Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (Acetone, Methyl ethyl ketone)		
Transport hazard class(es)	3		
Subsidiary class(es)	-		
Packing group	II		
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.		
Special provisions	IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28		
Packaging exceptions	150		
Packaging non bulk	202		
Packaging bulk	242		
IATA			
UN number	UN1993		
UN proper shipping name	Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Acetone, Methyl ethyl ketone)		
Transport hazard class(es)	3		
Subsidiary class(es)	-		
Packaging group	II		
Environmental hazards	No		
Labels required	3		
ERG Code	3H		
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.		
IMDG			
UN number	UN1993		
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Acetone, Methyl ethyl ketone)		
Transport hazard class(es)	3		
Subsidiary class(es)	-		

Packaging group	II
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No
Labels required	3
EmS	F-E, S-E
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	This product is not intended to be transported in bulk.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is hazardous according to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200.
All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	LISTED
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	LISTED
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	LISTED
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)	LISTED

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes
Delayed Hazard - Yes
Fire Hazard - Yes
Pressure Hazard - No
Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance No

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical Yes

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	6532
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	6714

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	35 % weight/volumn
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	35 % weight/volumn

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	6532
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	6714

Food and Drug Administration (FDA) Not regulated.

US state regulations This product does not contain a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Not regulated.

US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)
 Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)
 Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)
 Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)
 Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)
 Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)
 Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)

US. California Proposition 65**US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed substance**

Not listed.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

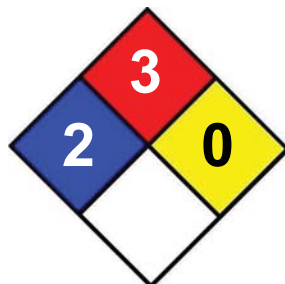
16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 08-August-2013

Revision date -

Version # 01

Further information NFPA Ratings: Health: 2. Flammability: 3. Physical hazard: 0.
 Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe

NFPA Ratings**List of abbreviations**

NFPA: National Fire Protection Association.
 LD50: Lethal Dose, 50%.
 LC50: Lethal Concentration, 50%.
 EC50: Effective concentration, 50%.

Disclaimer

This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.